#### **PATENT COOPERATION TREATY**

### **PCT**

#### INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference BP111069/SY/MM	FOR FURTHER A	CTION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416				
International application No. PCT/FI2005/000054	International filing date 28.01.2005	(day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 29.01.2004				
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC INV. H02H5\(Delta\) B G01N33\(Delta\) .							
Applicant ABB OY et al.							
This report is the international preliminary examination report, established by this International Preliminary Examining     Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.							
2. This REPORT consists of a	otal of 5 sheets, including the	nis cover sheet.					
3. This report is also accompar							
a. 🛭 sent to the applicant a	and to the International Bure	au) a total of 4 sheets,	as follows:				
and/or sheets cor	sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis of this report and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions).						
sheets which supersede earlier sheets, but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental Box.							
b. (sent to the International Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and number of electronic carrier(s)), containing a sequence listing and/or tables related thereto, in electronic form only, as indicated in the Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see Section 802 of the Administrative Instructions).							
This report contains indications relating to the following items:							
☐ Box No. I Basis of th	e report						
☐ Box No. II Priority							
☐ Box No. III Non-estab	lishment of opinion with rega	ard to novelty, inventive s	step and industrial applicability				
1	ity of invention						
applicabilit	Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement						
	☐ Box No. VI Certain documents cited						
	Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application						
☐ Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application							
Date of submission of the demand		Date of completion of this	report				
29.11.2005		12.04.2006					
Name and mailing address of the international		Authorized officer	Jacob Pittangan.				
preliminary examining authority:  European Patent Office - P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL-2280 HV Rijswijk - Pays Bas Tel. +31 70 340 - 2040 Tx: 31 651 epo nl Fax: +31 70 340 - 3016		Colombo, A Telephone No. +31 70 34	10.4884				
1 22. 751 15 540 - 5010		reseptione No. +51 /0 34	Circa entire				

20/587501

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/FI2005/000054

			7.63 M. 40 1 3 4 1 2 1 6	3 / 11 /	0 1111 114	
	Box No. I Basis of the re	port	A. ない でいたい	 		
1.	With regard to the language	e, this report is based on				
	★ the international application	ition in the language in w	hich it was filed			
	of a translation furnished international search publication of the int	mational application into do for the purposes of: (under Rules 12.3(a) and ernational application (under leary examination (under leary examination (under leary examination)	i 23.1(b)) nder Rule 12.4(a))			
2.	With regard to the elements have been furnished to the report as "originally filed" an	based on (replacement sheets w der Article 14 are referred to in th	vhici his			
	Description, Pages					
	1-33	as originally filed				
	Claims, Numbers					
	1-29	received on 23.03.20	06 with letter of 23.03.20	006		
	Drawings, Sheets					
	1/4-4/4	as originally filed				
	☐ a sequence listing and/	or any related table(s) - s	ee Supplemental Box	Relating to Sequence Listing		
3.	The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:  the description, pages the claims, Nos. the drawings, sheets/figs the sequence listing (specify): any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):					
4.	<ul> <li>□ This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).</li> <li>□ the description, pages</li> <li>□ the claims, Nos.</li> <li>□ the drawings, sheets/figs</li> <li>□ the sequence listing (specify):</li> <li>□ any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):</li> </ul>					
	* If item 4 applies	, some or all of th	nese sheets may l	be marked "superseded."		

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/FI2005/000054

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

4	~	ate	-	
- 1	- 51	HIP	7 6 11	en

Novelty (N) Yes: Claims 1-29

No: Claims

Inventive step (IS) Yes: Claims 1-29

No: Claims

Industrial applicability (IA) Yes: Claims 1-29

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet

# **10**/587501 iAP20 Rec'd PCT/PTO 27 JUL 2006

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (SEPARATE SHEET) International application No.

PCT/FI2005/000054

#### Re Item V

1 Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: **DE 37 02 970** A1 (GAUS, HARRY, DR; DE) 18 August 1988

D2: **US-A-4 562 723** (HUBNER ET AL) 7 January 1986

D3: US 6:218 951 B1 (COLVIN D, US) 17 April 2001

- 2 INDEPENDENT CLAIMS 1, 10
- 2.1 The subject matter of independent claims 1 and 10 is compliant with the requirements of Article 33(1) PCT. Document D3, regarded as the most relevant state of the art, discloses (the references in parentheses applying to this document):
  - a method for protecting an actuator (80) against failure (Col. 2, Ins 22-24), comprising:
    - establishing a norm of factors (Fig. 3a, 3b) affecting the operation of the actuator based on the operating environment of the actuator (Col. 2, 41-48);
    - providing the norm with a tolerance (Col. 3, lns 31-38) defining a condition for the operation of the actuator in the operating environment;
    - observing the operation environment of the actuator in order to detect a deviation that falls outside said tolerance (Col. 4, Ins 39-43), the observation being performed by means of an environmental *detector* (Fig. 2) having a sensor member (40) with a first connecting surface (6) and a second connecting surface (3) for feeding a flux through them, an active layer (S1) therebetween which is arranged to cause a change in the flux's passing through the active layer;
    - subjecting the active layer (S1) to a component present in the operating environment (Col. 4, lns 3-12),
    - interrupting a supply (80) to the actuator (Col. 4, lns 54-63) in order to keep this in working order, in condition that said deviations falls outside said conditions for operation (Col. 4, lns 39-43).
- 2.2 The subject-matter of claim 1 differs from this known method in that the detector is an environmental *fuse* and the active layer is *cumulatively* subjected to the component. Claim 1 is therefore new under Article 33(2) PCT.

- 2.3 The problem to be solved by the present application may be regarded as improving the known methods in order to protect the actuators also from the effects of a continuous exposure to adverse conditions, without however any additional complication in the detecting means.
- 2.4 The solution proposed in claim 1 namely the use of an environmental fuse degradated or destroyed by the cumulative effects of the exposure is regarded as inventive (Article 33(3) PCT) since it is not suggested or rendered obvious by any document available in the prior art. In D1 and D2, for example, the protection function is based on a substantially instantaneous measurement.
- 2.5 Similar considerations apply to independent claims 10, which refers to an environmental fuse for carrying out the method described in claim 1.

#### 3 INDEPENDENT CLAIM 6

Claim 6 complies with the criteria of novelty and inventive step under Article 33(2) and (3) PCT. Maintenance servers for processing and storing information concerning an alarm are well-known in industrial installations, but not in combination with the claimed "environmental fuse". The requirements of Article 33(1) PCT are therefore fulfilled

Only for sake of clarity and legibility, an explicit reference to the method of claim 1 or to the environmental fuse of claim 10 should be included in claim 6.

#### 4 DEPENDENT CLAIMS 2-5, 7-9, 11-15, 18-29

Dependent claims 2-5, 11-15, 18-20, 22-29 are dependent on claim 6 and as such also meet the requirements of the PCT with respect to novelty and inventive step

#### 5 INDUSTRIAL APPLICABILITY

The subject-matter of the present application relates to environmental fuses to be used in industrial installations. The requirements of Article 33(4) PCT regarding the industrial applicability are therefore fulfilled.

K-270 \$.005/012 T-019 FI0500054

## JAP20 Rec'd PCT/PTO 27 JUL 2006

34

#### Claims

שתחצברת בכרי

23-03-2006

13:59

- 1. A method of protecting an actuator against failure, comprising the following steps:
- establishing a norm (206) of factors affecting the operation of the actuator (201) as based on the operating environment (301) of the actuator,
  - providing the norm (206) with a tolerance defining a condition for the operation of the actuator (201) in the operating environment (301),
- observing the operating environment (301) of the actuator (201) in order to detect a deviation that falls outside said tolerance, the observation being performed by means of an environmental fuse (220) having a sensor member (204) with a first connecting surface (401) and a second connecting surface (402) for feeding a flux through them, an active layer (403) therebetween which is arranged to cause a change in the flux's passing through the active layer (403) when
- characterized in that the method comprises the following steps cumulatively subjecting the active layer (403) to a component present in the operating environment (301), and
  - limiting and/or interrupting a supply (203) to the actuator (201), in order to keep this in working order, in condition that said deviation falls outside said condition for the operation.
  - 2. A method as defined in Claim 1, characterized in that the method comprises the step of generating an excitation by means of said sensor member (204).
- 25 3. A method as defined in Claim 1, characterized in that the method comprises generating of a response by means of a functional member (204) of the environmental fuse (202), in response to an excitation.
- 4. A method as defined in Claim 3, characterized in that said response comprises a function in which the supply (203) to the actuator (201) is limited and/or interrupted.
  - 5. A method as defined in Claim 3, characterized in that said response comprises an alarm function (409).
  - 6. A maintenance server (901), characterized in that it has means for processing, storing information concerning an alarm from an environmental fuse and/or for generating a response in order to limit and/or interrupt the supply to that actuator

35

whose environmental fuse is the source of the alarm, wherein said environmental fuse (220) has a sensor member (204) with a first connecting surface (401) and a second connecting surface (402) for feeding a flux through them, an active layer (403) therebetween which is arranged to cause a change in the flux's passing through the active layer (403) when cumulatively subjected to a component present in the operating environment (301), and means for limiting and/or interrupting a supply (203) to the actuator (201), in order to keep this in working order.

- A maintenance server (901) as defined in Claim 6, characterized in that it is implemented with software means. 10
  - A maintenance server (901) as defined in Claim 6, characterized in that it has means for reporting alarm information to a data network.
- A maintenance server (901) as defined in Claim 8, characterized in that said 9. 15 data network comprises one of the following: Internet, local network, network based on a cellular system and/or combination of some of these.
- 10. An environmental fuse (202) for protecting an actuator (201) against failure, 20 the environmental fuse (202) having a sensor member (204) to detect a change that occurs in an environment (301) and deviates from a tolerance according to a norm (206), and a functional member (205) having functional means (408) to limit, interrupt the supply (203) to the said actuator (201) and/or to give an alarm (409), said environmental fuse being characterized in that the environmental fuse has a sensor member (204) having a first connecting surface (401) and a second connecting sur-25 face (402) for feeding a flux through them, an active layer (403) therebetween which is arranged to cause a change in the flux's passing through the active layer (403) when cumulatively subjected to a component present in the operating environment (301).
  - 11. An environmental fuse (202) as defined in Claim 10, characterized in that it comprises a collecting arrangement for collecting a component present in the composition of the environment (301).
- 12. An environmental fuse (202) as defined in Claim 11, characterized in that 35 said collecting arrangement is based on the collection of a component present in the environment (301) on a substrate through diffusion, electrical interaction, impaction, interception, filtering and/or deposition.

5

15

30

- 13. An environmental fuse (202) as defined in Claim 11, characterized in that the collecting arrangement has a collecting substrate comprising a wire, strip, dielectric substrate, conductive substrate and/or filter.
- 14. An environmental fuse (202) as defined in Claim 10, characterized in that the sensor member (204) is arranged to detect particulate material, gas and/or moisture.
- 15. An environmental fuse as defined in Claim 10, characterized in that said flux is a flux of electric current.
  - 16. An environmental fuse (202) as defined in Claim 10, characterized in that the change in said flux's passing is based on a change of the opacity of a medium and/or an interface thereof.
  - 17. An environmental fuse (202) as defined in Claim 16, characterized in that said flux is a flux of radiation.
- 18. An environmental fuse (202) as defined in Claim 10, characterized in that said actuator (201) is the controller of another actuator.
  - 19. An environmental fuse (202) as defined in Claim 10, characterized in that the environmental fuse (202) has
- a first component (E1) of the sensor member (204) to detect a first change that occurs in the environment (301) and deviates from a first tolerance according a norm (206), and
  - a second component (E2) of the sensor member (204) to detect a second change that occurs in the environment (301) and deviates from a second tolerance according a norm (206).
  - 20. An environmental fuse (202) as defined in Claim 19, characterized in that said first (E1) and second (E2) component (E1, E2) of the sensor member (204) are integrated into an integrated sensor member.
- 35 21. An environmental fuse (202) as defined in Claim 10, characterized in that the environmental fuse has
  - a first functional member having functional means to limit, interrupt a first part of the supply to the actuator to be protected and/or to give an alarm, and

5

10

15

- a second functional member having functional means to limit, interrupt a second part of the supply to the actuator to be protected and/or to give an alarm.
- 22. An environmental fuse (202) as defined in Claim 10, characterized in that the environmental fuse (202) has a modular component to be replaced with another similar component.
  - 23. An environmental fuse (202) as defined in Claim 22, characterized in that the the modular component of the environmental fuse (202) comprises the sensor member.
  - 24. An environmental fuse (202) as defined in Claim 10, characterized in that the environmental fuse comprises a memory for storing an environment, actuator, norm and/or a quantity value dependent on the state of the environment.
- 25. An environmental fuse (202) as defined in Claim 10, characterized in that the environmental fuse comprises a memory for authenticating an environment, actuator, norm and/or a quantity value dependent on the state of the environment.
- 26. An environmental fuse (202) as defined in Claim 10, characterized in that the sensor member (204) of the environmental fuse (202) has an active layer (403, E3) having a capacitance, inductance and/or resistance.
- 27. An environmental fuse (202) as defined in Claim 26, characterized in that said active layer (403, E3) forms part of a measuring bridge.
  - 28. An actuator (201), characterized in that the actuator has an environmental fuse (202) according to Claim 10.
- 30 29. An actuator (201) as defined in Claim 28, characterized in that it has an electric drive, power supply, drive controller, pump, fan and/or a preferred combination of these.